Statistical Method June 20



HealthStats NSW



Changes to Australian Dietary Guidelines Impact on indicators for fruit and vegetable consumption

In 2013 the National Health and Medical Research Council updated the Australian dietary guidelines recommendations. 1,2,3 These new guidelines have now been applied retrospectively across the time series to relevant indicators in HealthStats NSW.

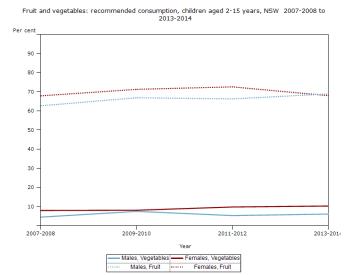
CHANGE IN GUIDELINES FOR CHILDREN

Recommended number of serves – comparison of 2003 and 2013 guidelines

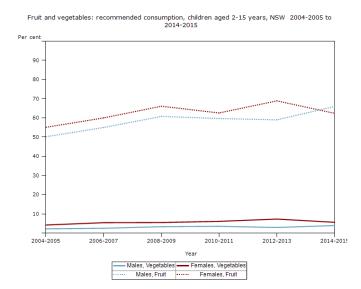
		2013 ²			
	Age	Vegetables and legumes/beans	Fruit	Vegetables and legumes/beans	Fruit
Boys	2–3	_*	_*	2.5	1
	4–8	2	1	4.5	1.5
	9–11	3 (from 8 years)	1	5	2
	12–13	3	3	5.5	2
	14–18	3	3	5.5	2
Girls	2–3	<i>-</i> *	_*	2.5	1
	4–8	2	1	4.5	1.5
	9–11	3	1	5	2
	12–13	3	3	5	2
	14–18	3	3	5	2

'Note for data analysis: the recommended intake for children aged 4 years was applied to those aged 2-3 years.

2003 guideline



2013 guideline



IMPACT OF CHANGE IN GUIDELINES ON INDICATORS IN HEALTHSTATS NSW

(www.healthstats.nsw.gov.au/Indicator/beh_vegkid_age)

- Apparent reduction in consumption of fruit overall (68.5% to 63.8%) and for males due to higher number of serves recommended for younger children.
- Apparent reduction in consumption of vegetables for males and females and overall (8.1% to 5.0%) due to higher recommended number of serves per day for all children.

Statistical Method June 201

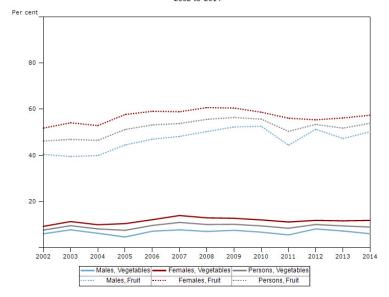
CHANGE IN GUIDELINES FOR ADULTS

Recommended number of serves - comparison of 2003 and 2013 guidelines

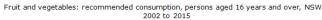
		2013 ²			
	Age	Vegetables and legumes/beans	Fruit	Vegetables and legumes/beans	Fruit
Men	19–50	5	2	6	2
	51–70	5	2	5.5	2
	70+	5	2	5	2
Women	19–50	5	2	5	2
	51–70	5	2	5	2
	70+	5	2	5	2
Pregnant	Up to 18	5–6	4	5	2
	19–50	5–6	4	5	2
Breastfeeding	Up to 18	7	5	5.5	2
	19–50	7	5	7.5	2

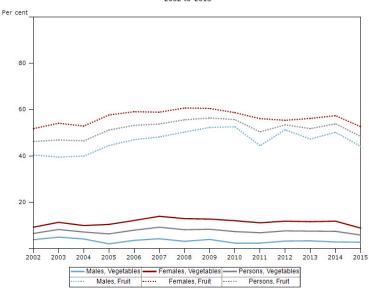
2003 guideline

Fruit and vegetables: recommended consumption, persons aged 16 years and over, NSW 2002 to 2014



2013 guideline





IMPACT OF CHANGE IN GUIDELINES ON INDICATORS IN HEALTHSTATS NSW

(www.healthstats.nsw.gov.au/Indicator/beh_veg_statage)

- · No change in consumption of fruit for males or females.
- · No change in consumption of vegetables for females.
- Apparent reduction in consumption of vegetables for males (in 2014 from 6.0% to 2.8%) due to higher recommended number of serves per day.

REFERENCES

- National Health and Medical Research Council (2003). Dietary Guidelines for Children and Adolescents in Australia incorporating the Infant Feeding Guidelines for Health Workers. Canberra: National Health and Medical Research Council.
- 2. National Health and Medical Research Council (2013). Australian Dietary Guidelines. Canberra: National Health and Medical Research Council.
- 3. National Health and Medical Research Council (2003). Dietary Guidelines for Australian Adults. Canberra: National Health and Medical Research Council.